

**TECHNICAL SUPPORT AGREEMENT
BETWEEN
THE WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AND
KITTTITAS COUNTY NOXIOUS WEED CONTROL BOARD**

THIS AGREEMENT is made and entered into by and between the Washington State Department of Agriculture, hereinafter referred to as "WSDA," and Kittitas County Noxious Weed Control Board, hereinafter referred to as the "County" for the purpose of certifying weed free hay and mulch produced in Kittitas County to the standards of the Washington Wilderness Hay and Mulch Program (WWHAM), as formerly implemented by the Washington State Noxious Weed Control Board and the Washington State Weed Coordinators' Association. This Agreement is intended to apply when the County performs the inspections and WSDA approves the certification based on the inspection form submitted to WSDA by the County. This Agreement is further entered into as provided for under the Interlocal Cooperation Act, RCW 39.34.

1. The County Agrees:

- A. The County will conduct hay and mulch inspections for Kittitas County growers applying for certification under the WWHAM program, using procedures of the North American Weed Free Forage Program (NAWFF) of the North American Weed Management Association. These procedures include the following:
- B. Prior to inspection the County will inform the grower that the County will perform the inspection and that WSDA will issue approval upon receipt and review of a pre-numbered, WSDA-supplied WWHAM Certificate of Inspection form ("inspection form") after verifying that the inspected fields qualify for certification. The County's inspection will begin when the grower agrees to this procedure.
 - i. The County will inspect the applicant's fields, including the buffer zone surrounding the fields, within 10 days prior to cutting or harvesting.
 - ii. The inspection shall include inspecting the entire perimeter of the field and making a minimum of 2 entry points of at least 150 feet into the field with an additional entry point for each 10 acres.
 - iii. The County will record all necessary inspection information on an inspection form. The format for the inspection form is attached as Appendix B.
 - iv. The County will identify noxious weeds (listed in Appendix A) in the inspected fields or the area surrounding the inspected fields, and list them on the inspection form.
 - v. The County will inspect the site where the hay or mulch will be stored making sure it is safe from infestation.
- C. Fields which contain any noxious weeds listed in Appendix A may be certified if conditions of either i or ii below are fulfilled. Treatment methods can include burning, cutting or roguing, mechanical methods or chemical treatment, as appropriate. The County must document on the inspection form if these conditions apply.

- i. The field was treated to prevent noxious weed seed formation or noxious weed seed ripening, and there is no danger of seed ripening.
 - ii. The noxious weeds in the field are treated no later than rosette to bud stage (boot stage for grasses), prior to cutting or harvesting.
 - D. The County will document compliance with the WWHAM standards by completing a WWHAM Certificate of Inspection form and providing copies to both WSDA and the grower.
- 2. WSDA agrees to:
 - A. Certify hay and mulch inspected by the County under this Agreement upon WSDA review of the inspection form and determination that the inspection form documents that the hay and mulch meets or exceeds the minimum standards of WWHAM. WSDA reserves the right to deny certification or to request further information from the County or the grower if WSDA has questions or concerns about the inspection information.
 - B. Upon WSDA approval, based on information obtained from the County on the inspection form, provide NAWMA-approved twine, tags and certificates to certified growers at cost. WSDA will coordinate with the grower regarding the grower's request for twine, tags and certificates. The twine, tags and certificates will be used by growers to maintain the identity of the certified hay and mulch.
 - C. List growers and dealers of certified WWHAM hay and mulch on the WSDA website.
 - D. If requested by the County, provide inspection services at fees established in WAC 16-470 to applicant growers in Kittitas County. If WSDA provides WWHAM inspection services in the County, the County's responsibilities under this Agreement are superseded for WSDA-performed inspections.
 - E. Take actions needed to maintain recognition of WWHAM by NAWMA.
 - F. Deny or revoke certification for hay or mulch that fails to meet the minimum standards of WWHAM.
- 3. Designated representatives. The following persons are designated by the parties as the authorized contact for communicating between WSDA and the County. Either party may change or add alternate contact persons upon written notification.

WSDA Contact:

Name: Thomas L. Wessels, Program Manager
Address: PO Box 42560, Olympia, WA 98504
Email: twessels@agr.wa.gov
FAX: (360) 902-2094
Phone: (360) 902-1984

County Contact:

Name: Todd Davis, Coordinator
Address: 507 N Nanum, Room #26, Ellensburg, WA 98926
Email: todd.davis@co.kittitas.wa.us
FAX: (509) 962-7033
Phone: (360) 962-7007

4. Terms of Agreement

The Agreement shall commence upon the day last signed and executed by the representatives of the parties to this Agreement and shall remain in effect until it expires or until it is otherwise terminated, whichever occurs first. Termination of this Agreement may be made without cause by either party upon thirty (30) day written notice. If for any cause, either party does not fulfill in a timely and proper manner its obligation under this Agreement, or if either party violates any of the terms and conditions, this Agreement may be terminated immediately by written notice of one party to the other.

5. No payment shall be made to either party by the other party as a result of this Agreement.
6. Each party to this Agreement shall be responsible for its own acts and/or omissions and those of its officers, employees or agents. No party to this Agreement shall be responsible for the acts and/or omissions of entities or individuals not a party to the Agreement.
7. General Provisions
 - A. Either party may request amendments to this Agreement. Any changes, modifications or amendments to this Agreement which are mutually agreed upon by and between the parties, shall be incorporated by written instrument, executed and signed by both parties to this Agreement.
 - B. The County is prohibited from contracting out or delegating inspections performed under this agreement to persons other than qualified county employees.
 - C. Applicable law. The construction, interpretation and enforcement of this Agreement shall be governed by the laws of Washington State. The courts of the State of Washington shall have jurisdiction over any action arising out of this Agreement and over the parties.
 - D. Entirety of Agreement. This Agreement, consisting of four (4) pages, Appendix A, Appendix B, and the referenced NAWFF standards represents the entire and integrated agreement between the parties and supersedes all prior negotiations, representations and agreements, whether written or oral.
 - E. Prior Approval. This Agreement shall not be binding upon either party unless this Agreement has been reduced to writing before performance begins as described under the terms of this Agreement.
 - F. Severability. Should any portion of this Agreement be judicially determined to be illegal or unenforceable, the remainder of the Agreement shall continue in full force and effect, and either party may renegotiate the terms affected by the severance.
 - G. Third Party Beneficiary Rights. The parties do not intent to create in any other individual or entity the status of third party beneficiary, and this Agreement shall not be construed so as to create such status. The rights, duties and obligations contained in this Agreement shall operate only between the parties to this Agreement, and shall inure solely to the benefit of the parties of this Agreement. The provisions of this Agreement are intended only to assist the parties in determining and performing their obligations under this Agreement. The parties to this Agreement intend and expressly agree that only parties signatory to this Agreement shall have any legal or equitable right to seek to enforce this Agreement, to seek any remedy arising out of a party's

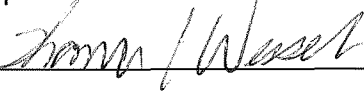
performance or failure to perform any terms of conditions of this Agreement or to bring an action for the breach of this Agreement.

- H. Signatures. In witness thereof, the parties of this Agreement through their duly authorized representatives have executed this Agreement on the days and dates set out below, and certify that they have read, understood and agreed to the terms and conditions of this Agreement as set forth herein.

The effective date of this Agreement is the date of the signature last affixed to this page. This Agreement will expire on May 31, 2012.

WASHINGTON WILDERNESS HAY AND MULCH PROGRAM

WSDA Representative: Tom Wessels

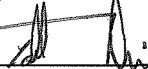
Signature 

Date 09/28/2011

PO Box 42560
Olympia, WA 98504-2560

(360) 902-1984
(360) 902-2094
twessels@agr.wa.gov

County Representative: Todd Davis

Signature 

Date 09/29/11

507 N Nanum, Room #26
Ellensburg, WA 98926

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todd.davis@co.kittitas.wa.us

APPENDIX A

North American Weed Free Forage Certification Standards Designated Noxious Weed List or Undesirable Plant Species List

Absinth wormwood (*Artemisia absinthium*)
Bermudagrass (*Cynodon dactylon*)
Buffalobur (*Solanum rostratum*)
Canada thistle (*Cirsium arvense*)
Common burdock (*Arctium minus*)
Common crupina (*Crupina vulgaris*)
Common tansy (*Tanacetum vulgare*)
Dalmatian toadflax (*Linaria dalmatica*)
Diffuse knapweed (*Centaurea diffusa*)
Dyers woad (*Isatis tinctoria*)
Field bindweed (*Convolvulus arvensis*)
Hemp (marijuana) (*Cannabis sativa*)
Henbane, Black (*Hyoscyamus niger*)
Hoary cress (*Cardaria spp.*)
Horsenettle (*Solanum carolinense*)
Houndstongue (*Cynoglossum officinale*)
Johnsongrass (*Sorghum halepense*)
Jointed goatgrass (*Aegilops cylindrica*)
Leafy spurge (*Euphorbia esula*)
Matgrass (*Nardus stricta*)
Meadow knapweed (*Centaurea pratensis*)
Medusahead (*Taeniatherum caputmedusae*)
Miliun (*Milium vernale*)
Musk thistle (*Carduus nutans*)
Orange hawkweed (*Hieracium aurantiacum*)
Oxeye daisy (*Chrysanthemum leucanthemum*)
Perennial pepperweed (*Lepidium latifolium*)
Perennial sorghum (*Sorghum almum*)
Perennial sowthistle (*Sonchus arvensis*)
Plumeless thistle (*Carduus acanthoides*)
Poison hemlock (*Conium maculatum*)
Puncturevine (*Tribulus terrestris*)
Purple loosestrife (*Lythrum salicaria*)

Quackgrass (*Agropyron repens*)
 Rush skeletonweed (*Chondrilla juncea*)
 Russian knapweed (*Centaurea repens*)
 Scentless chamomile (*Matricaria perforata* or *M. milaceum*)
 Scotch broom (*Cytisus scoparius*)
 Scotch thistle (*Onopordum acanthium*)
 Sericea Lespedeza (*Lespedeza cuneata*)
 Silverleaf nightshade (*Solanum elaeagnifolium*)
 Skeletonleaf bursage (*Ambrosia tomentosa*)
 Spotted knapweed (*Centaurea maculosa*)
 Squarrose knapweed (*Centaurea virgata*)
 St. Johnswort (*Hypericum perforatum*)
 Sulfur cinquefoil (*Potentilla recta*)
 Syrian beancaper (*Zygophyllum fabago*)
 Tansy ragwort (*Senecio jacobaea*)
 Toothed spurge (*Euphorbia dentata*)
 Wild oats (*Avena fatua*)
 Wild proso millet (*Panicum miliaceum*)
 Yellow hawkweed (*Hieracium pratense*)
 Yellow starthistle (*Centaurea solstitialis*)
 Yellow toadflax (*Linaria vulgaris*)

Washington State noxious Weeds

Class A Weeds

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Abutilon theophrasti</i>	velvetleaf
<i>Allaria petiolata</i>	garlic mustard
<i>Brachypodium sylvaticum</i>	false brome
<i>Butomus umbellatus</i>	flowering rush
<i>Carduus pycnocephalus</i>	Italian thistle
<i>Carduus teniflorus</i>	slenderflower thistle
<i>Centaurea calcitrapa</i>	purple starthistle
<i>Centaurea macrocephala</i>	bighead knapweed
<i>Centaurea nigrescens</i>	Vochin knapweed
<i>Crupina vulgaris</i>	common crupina
<i>Euphorbia oblongata</i>	eggleaf spurge
<i>Galena officinalis</i>	goatsrue
<i>Geranium lucidum</i>	Shiny geranium
<i>Glyceria maxima</i>	reed sweetgrass
<i>Helianthus ciliaris</i>	Texas blueweed
<i>Hieracium floribundum</i>	yellow devil hawkweed
<i>Hieracium sabaudum</i>	European hawkweed

<i>Hercleum mantegazzianum</i>	giant hogweed
<i>Hydrilla verticillata</i>	hydrilla
<i>Isatis tinctoria</i>	dyers woad
<i>Ludwigia peploides</i>	floating primrose-willow
<i>Myriophyllum heterophyllum</i>	variable-leaf milfoil
<i>Pueraria montana</i> var. <i>lobata</i>	kudzu
<i>Salvia aethiopis</i>	Mediterranean sage
<i>Salvia pretense</i>	meadow clary
<i>Salvia sclarea</i>	clary sage
<i>Schoenoplectus mucronatus</i>	ricefield bulrush
<i>Silybum marianum</i>	milk thistle
<i>Solanum elaeagnifolium</i>	silverleaf nightshade
<i>Solanun rostratum</i>	buffalobur
<i>Sorghum halepense</i>	johnsongrass
<i>Spartina anglica</i>	common cordgrass
<i>Spartina alternifolia</i>	cordgrass, smooth
<i>Spartina densiflora</i>	cordgrass, salt meadow, dense flower cordgrass
<i>Spartina patens</i>	salt meadow cordgrass
<i>Spartium junceum</i>	Spanish broom
<i>Thymelea passerine</i>	spurge flax
<i>Zygophyllum fabago</i>	Syrian bean-caper

Class B Weeds

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Acroptilon repens</i>	Russian knapweed
<i>Alhagi maurorum</i>	camelthorn
<i>Alopecurus myosuroides</i>	blackgrass
<i>Amphora fruticosa</i>	indigobush
<i>Anchusa arvensis</i>	annual bugloss
<i>Anchusa officinalis</i>	common bugloss
<i>Anthriscus sylvestris</i>	wild chervil
<i>Berteroa incana</i>	hoary alyssum
<i>Buddleja davidii</i>	butterfly bush
<i>Bryonia alba</i>	white bryony
<i>Cabomba caroliniana</i>	fanwort
<i>Cenchrus longispinus</i>	longspine sandbur
<i>Centaurea stoebe</i>	spotted knapweed
<i>Centaurea diffusa</i>	diffuse knapweed

<i>Centaurea jacea</i>	brown knapweed
<i>Centaurea jacea x nigra</i>	meadow knapweed
<i>Centaurea nigra</i>	black knapweed
<i>Chondrilla juncea</i>	rush skeletonweed
<i>Cynoglossum officinale</i>	houndstongue
<i>Centaurea solstitialis</i>	yellow starthistle
<i>Conium maculatum</i>	poison hemlock
<i>Cynoglossum officinale</i>	houndstongue
<i>Cyperus esculentus</i>	yellow nutsedge
<i>Carduus nutans</i>	musk thistle
<i>Carduus acanthoides</i>	plumeless thistle
<i>Cytisus scoparius</i>	Scotch broom
<i>Daphne laureola</i>	spurge laurel
<i>Daucus carota</i>	wild carrot
<i>Echium vulgare</i>	blueweed
<i>Egeria densa</i>	Brazilian elodea
<i>Euphorbia esula</i>	leafy spurge
<i>Euphorbia myrsinites</i>	myrtle spurge
<i>Foeniculum vulgare</i>	common fennel
<i>Geranium robertianum</i>	herb-Robert
<i>Hieracium atratum</i>	polar hawkweed
<i>Hieracium aurantiacum</i>	orange hawkweed
<i>Hieracium caespitosum</i>	yellow hawkweed
<i>Hieracium glomeratum</i>	queen-devil hawkweed
<i>Hieracium laevigatum</i>	smooth hawkweed
<i>Hieracium pilosella</i>	mouseear hawkweed
<i>Hypochaeris radicata</i>	common catsear
<i>Impatiens glandulifera</i>	policeman's helmet
<i>Kochia scoparia</i>	kochia
<i>Lepidium latifolium</i>	perennial pepperweed
<i>Lepyroclis holosteoides</i>	lepyroclis
<i>Leucanthemum vulgare</i>	oxeye daisy
<i>Linaria dalmatica ssp.</i>	Dalmatian toadflax
<i>Ludwigia exapetala</i>	water primrose
<i>Lysimachia vulgaris</i>	garden loosestrife
<i>Lythrum salicaria</i>	purple loosestrife
<i>Lythrum virgatum</i>	wand loosestrife
<i>Myriophyllum aquaticum</i>	parrotfeather
<i>Myriophyllum spicatum</i>	Eurasian watermilfoil
<i>Nymphoides peltata</i>	yellow floating heart

<i>Onopordum acanthium</i>	Scotch thistle
<i>Phragmites australis</i>	common reed, (non-native genotypes)
<i>Picris hieracioides</i>	hawkweed oxtongue
<i>Polygonatum bohemicum</i>	Bohemian knotweed
<i>Polygonatum cuspidatum</i>	Japanese knotweed
<i>Polygonatum palystachyum</i>	Himalayan knotweed
<i>Polygonatum sachalinense</i>	giant knotweed
<i>Potentilla recta</i>	sulfur cinquefoil
<i>Rorippa austriaca</i>	Austrian fieldcress
<i>Sagittaria graminea</i>	grass-leaved arrowhead
<i>Senecio jacobaea</i>	tansy ragwort
<i>Soliva sessilis</i>	lawnweed
<i>Sonchus arvensis</i> ssp. <i>Arvensis</i>	perennial sowthistle
<i>Sphaerophysa salsula</i>	swainsonpea
<i>Tamarix ramosissima</i>	saltcedar
<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>	puncturevine
<i>Ulex europaeus</i>	gorse

Class C weeds

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Aegilops cylindrical</i>	jointed goatgrass
<i>Artemisia absinthium</i>	absinth wormwood
<i>Cardaria draba</i>	hoary cress
<i>Cardaria pubescens</i>	hairy whitetop
<i>Clematis vitalba</i>	old man's beard
<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>	field bindweed
<i>Cirsium vulgare</i>	bull thistle
<i>Cirsium arvense</i>	Canada thistle
<i>Cuscuta approximate</i>	dodder, smoothseed alfalfa
<i>Epilobium hirsutum</i>	hairy willow herb
<i>Gypsophila paniculata</i>	babysbreath
<i>Hedera helix</i>	English ivy, 'Baltica', 'Pittsburgh', 'Star'
<i>Hedera hibernica</i>	Hibernica'
<i>Hemizonia pungens</i>	spikeweed
<i>Hieracium lachenalii</i>	common hawkweed
<i>Hieracium</i> spp.	non-native and invasive hawkweeds not listed elsewhere
<i>Hypericum perforatum</i>	common St. Johnswort
<i>Hyoscyamus niger</i>	black henbane
<i>Linaria vulgaris</i>	yellow toadflax

Iris pseudocorus yellow flag iris
Lamiastrum gaeobdolon yellow archangel
Matricaria perforate scentless mayweed
Nymphaea odorata fragrant waterlily
Phalaris ardinacea reed canarygrass
Potamogeton crispus curly-leaf pondweed
Rubus laciniatus evergreen blackberry
Secale cereale cereal rye
Senecio vulgaris common groundsel
Silene latifolia spp. alba white cockle
Tanacetum vulgare common tansy
Xanthium spinosum spiny cocklebur

WETLAND AND AQUATIC WEED QUARANTINE

WAC 16-752-500

Scientific Name	Common Name
<i>Butomus umbellatus</i>	flowering rush
<i>Cabomba caroliniana</i>	fanwort
<i>Crassula helmsii</i>	Australian swamp stonecrop
<i>Egeria densa</i>	Brazilian elodea
<i>Epilobium hirsutum</i>	hairy willow herb
<i>Glossostigma diandrum</i>	mud mat
<i>Glyceria maxima</i>	reed sweetgrass, tall manna grass
<i>Hydrilla verticillata</i>	hydrilla

<i>Hydrocharis morsus-ranae</i>	European frog-bit
<i>Lagarosiphon major</i>	African elodea
<i>Ludwigia hexapetala</i>	water primrose
<i>Ludwigia peploides</i>	floating primrose-willow
<i>Lysimachia vulgaris</i>	garden loosestrife
<i>Murdannia keisak</i>	marsh dew flower, Asian spiderwort
<i>Myriophyllum aquaticum</i>	parrotfeather
<i>Myriophyllum heterophyllum</i>	variable-leaf milfoil
<i>Myriophyllum spicatum</i>	Eurasian watermilfoil
<i>Najas minor</i>	slender-leaved naiad, brittle naiad
<i>Nymphoides peltata</i>	yellow floating heart
<i>Sagittaria graminea</i>	grass-leaved arrowhead
<i>Sagittaria platyphylla</i>	delta arrowhead
<i>Schoenoplectus mucronatus</i>	ricefield bulrush
<i>Spartina alterniflora</i>	smooth cordgrass
<i>Spartina anglica</i>	common cordgrass
<i>Spartina densiflora</i>	dense-flowered cordgrass

<i>Spartina patens</i>	salt meadow cordgrass
<i>Stratiotes aloides</i>	water soldier
<i>Trapa natans</i>	water chestnut, bull nut
<i>Trapa bicornus</i>	water caltrap, devil's pod, bat nut
<i>Utricularia inflata</i>	swollen bladderwort

This list is comprised of the most recent and accepted scientific and common names of the quarantine plant species. Regulated status also applies to all synonyms of these botanical names.

NOXIOUS WEED SEED AND PLANT QUARANTINE

WAC 16-752-600

Scientific Name	Common Names
<i>Abutilon theophrasti</i>	velvetleaf
<i>Alliaria petiolata</i>	garlic mustard
<i>Amorpha fruticosa</i>	indigobush, lead plant
<i>Anchusa officinalis</i>	common bugloss, alkanet, anchusa
<i>Anthriscus sylvestris</i>	wild chervil
<i>Brachypodium sylvaticum</i>	false brome

<i>Carduus acanthoides</i>	plumeless thistle
<i>Carduus nutans</i>	musk thistle, nodding thistle
<i>Carduus pycnocephalus</i>	Italian thistle
<i>Carduus tenuiflorus</i>	slenderflower thistle
<i>Centaurea calcitrapa</i>	purple starthistle
<i>Centaurea diffusa</i>	diffuse knapweed
<i>Centaurea jacea</i>	brown knapweed, rayed knapweed, brown centaurly horse-knobs, hardheads
<i>Centaurea jacea x nigra</i>	meadow knapweed
<i>Centaurea biebersteinii</i>	spotted knapweed
<i>Centaurea macrocephala</i>	bighead knapweed
<i>Centaurea nigra</i>	black knapweed
<i>Centaurea nigrescens</i>	Vochin knapweed
<i>Chaenorrhinum minus</i>	dwarf snapdragon
<i>Crupina vulgaris</i>	common crupina
<i>Cytisus scoparius</i>	Scotch broom
<i>Daucus carota</i>	wild carrot, Queen Anne's lace
<i>Echium vulgare</i>	blueweed, blue thistle, blue devil, viper's bugloss, snake flower
<i>Euphorbia esula</i>	leafy spurge

<i>Euphorbia oblongata</i>	eggleaf spurge
<i>Galega officinalis</i>	goatsrue
<i>Geranium lucidum</i>	shiny geranium
<i>Helianthus ciliaris</i>	Texas blueweed
<i>Heracleum mantegazzianum</i>	giant hogweed, giant cow parsnip
<i>Hibiscus trionum</i>	Venice mallow, flower-of-an-hour, bladder ketmia, modesty, shoo-fly
<i>Hieracium aurantiacum</i>	orange hawkweed, orange paintbrush, red daisy flameweed, devil's weed, grim-the-collier
<i>Hieracium caespitosum</i>	yellow hawkweed, yellow paintbrush, devil's paintbrush, yellow devil, field hawkweed, king devil
<i>Hieracium floribundum</i>	yellow devil hawkweed
<i>Hieracium pilosella</i>	mouseear hawkweed
<i>Hieracium sabaudum</i>	European hawkweed
<i>Impatiens glandulifera</i>	policeman's helmet
<i>Isatis tinctoria</i>	dyers' woad
<i>Kochia scoparia</i>	kochia, summer-cyprus, burning-bush, fireball, Mexican fireweed
<i>Lepidium latifolium</i>	perennial pepperweed
<i>Leucanthemum vulgare</i>	oxeye daisy, white daisy, whiteweed, field daisy, marguerite, poorland flower

<i>Linaria dalmatica</i> spp. <i>dalmatica</i>	Dalmatian toadflax
<i>Mirabilis nyctaginea</i>	wild four o'clock, umbrella-wort
<i>Onopordum acanthium</i>	Scotch thistle
<i>Polygonum cuspidatum</i>	Japanese knotweed
<i>Polygonum polystachyum</i>	Himalayan knotweed
<i>Polygonum sachalinense</i>	giant knotweed
<i>Polygonum x bohemicum</i>	Bohemian knotweed, Japanese and giant knotweed hybrid
<i>Proboscidea louisianica</i>	unicorn-plant
<i>Pueraria montana</i> var. <i>lobata</i>	kudzu
<i>Salvia aethiopsis</i>	Mediterranean sage
<i>Salvia pratensis</i>	meadow clary
<i>Salvia sclarea</i>	clary sage
<i>Senecio jacobaea</i>	tansy ragwort
<i>Silybum marianum</i>	milk thistle
<i>Solanum elaeagnifolium</i>	silverleaf nightshade
<i>Solanum rostratum</i>	buffaloburr
<i>Soliva sessilis</i>	lawnweed

<i>Sorghum halepense</i>	johnsongrass
<i>Spartium junceum</i>	Spanish broom
<i>Tamarix ramosissima</i>	saltcedar
<i>Thymelaea passerina</i>	spurge flax
<i>Torilis arvensis</i>	hedgearsley
<i>Ulex europaeus</i>	gorse, furze
<i>Zygophyllum fabago</i>	Syrian bean-caper

Appendix B: Field Inspection Standards

Minimum Guidelines For Field Inspections:

The inspector will follow the following inspection procedures:

1. There shall be a minimum of two entry points per field.
2. There shall be minimum of one entry point per each 10 acres.
3. Each point of entry shall be at least 150 feet into the field, and each additional 150 feet traveled shall constitute an entry point. Travel shall be uninterrupted, proceeding through the field being inspected.
4. The entire field border shall be walked or driven.
5. Fields shall be inspected within 10 days prior to harvest.
6. The storage area shall also be inspected and meet the standards.
7. An inspector may not inspect fields of which said inspector has ownership or financial interest.