

**APPENDIX FOUR**  
**DEFINITIONS**

<b>ALOHA</b>	<i>Aerial Location of Hazardous Atmospheres</i> - Computer program developed by the National Oceanographic Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) for modeling plumes of chemical releases.
<b>ARC</b>	<i>American Red Cross</i>
<b>CAMEO</b>	<i>Computer-Aided Management of Emergency Operations</i> - Computer program developed by the National Oceanographic Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) to assist in the management of hazardous materials incidents. Included Response Information Data Sheets (RIDS) which gives information on chemical properties, health hazards, fire hazards, first aid and proper protective equipment.
<b>KCFD</b>	<i>Kittitas County Fire District</i> - Kittitas County has eight (8) fire districts (1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9) In additions to the fire districts there are two (3) city fire departments (Cle Elum, Roslyn and Ellensburg).
<b>KCSO</b>	<i>Kittitas County Sheriff's Office</i>
<b>CEMP</b>	<i>Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan</i>
<b>DFO</b>	<i>Disaster Field Office</i> - Local, temporary office established by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) to provide a point of contact for programs after a community has suffered a disaster.
<b>DOT</b>	<i>Department of Transportation</i>
<b>DSR</b>	<i>Damage Survey Reports</i> - Reports to gather information regarding the effects of a disaster. DSR are done and submitted to the State of Washington to determine eligibility for disaster recovery programs.
<b>DWI</b>	<i>Disaster Welfare Inquires</i> - An American Red Cross function for the tracking of displaced citizens after a disaster.
<b>EAS</b>	<i>Emergency Alerting System</i> - Replaced the Emergency Broadcast System (EBS) for communicating emergency information electronically to the public via Television and Radio.

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<b>EM</b>	<i>Emergency Management</i> – Kittitas County Sheriff’s Office
<b>EMD</b>	<i>Emergency Management Division</i> - State level emergency management office.
<b>EMS</b>	<i>Emergency Medical Service</i> - Medical First Responders, such as paramedics and emergency medical technicians.
<b>EOC</b>	<i>Emergency Operations Center</i> - Location established for coordination of information and establishment of policy from legislative authorities during a disaster situation. Primary EOC for Kittitas County is located in the Kittcom building.
<b>EPA</b>	<i>Environmental Protection Agency</i>
<b>ESF</b>	<i>Emergency Support Functions</i> - Support functions written as part of the overall plan.  <b>Evacuation</b> - The process of moving persons out of an area effected or potentially effected by a disaster situation.
<b>FEMA</b>	<i>Federal Emergency Management Agency</i>
<b>FIRE MOB</b>	<i>Fire Mobilization Plan</i> - Washington State plans for the mobilization of resources throughout the state for response to major incidents.
<b>HAZ-MAT</b>	<i>Hazardous Materials</i>
<b>HVA</b>	<i>Hazard Vulnerability Analysis</i> - Analysis to identify hazards an area is vulnerable to.
<b>IC</b>	<i>Incident Commander</i> - Person in charge of an incident. Usually the senior office on-scene.
<b>ICS</b>	<i>Incident Command System</i> - Accepted system to manage an incident (functional management). Can expand or contract to the size of an incident.
<b>IPP</b>	<b>In-Place-Protection</b> - Have persons stay inside during an incident. Used primarily during hazardous materials incidents.
<b>LEPC</b>	<i>Local Emergency Planning Committee</i> - Made up of local public safety, community members, chemical facility representative, and other to prepare and plan for hazardous materials emergencies. Required under SARA Title 3.
<b>KCAC</b>	Area local public transportation (buses) system for Kittitas County

<b>PPE</b>	<i>Personal Protective Equipment</i>
<b>PSAP</b>	<i>Public Safety Answering Point</i> - Communication centers where public safety 9-1-1 calls are answered and units dispatched.
<b>PUD</b>	<i>Public Utility District</i>
<b>RCW</b>	<i>Revised Code of Washington</i>
<b>RIDS</b>	<i>Response Information Data Sheets</i> - A section of the CAMEO program and provides information for responders on appropriate actions to take when faced with a hazardous materials incident.
<b>SAR</b>	<i>Search and Rescue</i>
<b>SARA</b>	<i>Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act</i> - Public law passed in 1986 to require community planning for hazardous material emergencies. Also allows the public to be provided access to information about chemicals in their community.
<b>SOP</b>	<i>Suggested Operating Procedures</i>
<b>USAR</b>	<i>Urban Search and Rescue</i> - SAR functions usually occurring after a building collapse or from an earthquake.
<b>WAC</b>	<i>Washington Administrative Codes</i>