CRITICAL FACILITIES

Kittitas County Definition

A critical facility is defined as a local (non-State or Federal) facility or infrastructure in either the public or private sector that provides essential products and services to the general public, such as preserving the quality of life in Kittitas County and fulfilling important public safety, emergency response, and disaster recovery functions. Loss of a critical facility would result in a severe economic or catastrophic impact and would affect the County’s ability to provide those essential services that protect life and property. The critical facilities profiled in this plan include the following:

- Government facilities, such as departments, agencies, and administrative offices
- Emergency response facilities, including police, fire, and Emergency Operations Centers
- Educational facilities, including K-12
- Medical and Care facilities, such as hospitals, nursing homes, continuing care retirement facilities and housing likely to contain occupants who may not be sufficiently mobile to avoid death or injury during a hazard event
- Community gathering places, such as parks, museums, libraries, and senior centers
- Public and private utilities and infrastructure vital to maintaining or restoring normal services to areas damaged by hazard events
- Structures or facilities that produce, use, or store highly volatile, flammable, explosive, toxic, and/or water-reactive materials

Kittitas County List of General Critical Facilities

Facilities:

- Police
- Fire
- Schools – all facilities including gyms, stadiums
- Airport
- Government –
  - city hall, administrative offices,
  - judicial, jail,
  - 911 Dispatch Centers, EOCs,
  - public transit buildings/bus garages,
  - public utility buildings/shops, storage yards, warehouses
- Medical – Hospitals, Clinics
- Assisted Living Facilities
- Shelters
• Computer servers, data centers
• Community centers – grange hall, church, activity centers, pool, library
• Grocery stores, food banks, cold food storage, fruit packing warehouses
• Fueling stations
• Lumber yards
• Gravel pits
• Hazardous materials facilities

Infrastructure:
• Utilities buildings, towers, substations and transmission lines –
  ○ natural gas,
  ○ electric,
  ○ water,
  ○ sewer,
  ○ phone/cell,
  ○ fiber optics,
  ○ cable/TV,
  ○ radio
• Highways, freeways, roads to isolated communities
• Bridges
• Water Systems - buildings, tanks, reservoirs, wells, transfer stations, pump stations
• Waste Water Treatment Systems
• Railroads
• Dams
• Irrigation canals, ditches
• Dikes, levees